Yellow

MAR 11 1954

MEMORANDUM FOR: Deputy Director of Central Intelligence

SUBJECT

: Soviet Hold Lend-Lease Merchant Floot

- 1. Under the Lend-Lease Act, 122 merchant vessels over 1,000 gross registered tons were loaned to the USSR by the United States during World War II. The total included 110 freighters, nine tankers, and three combination passenger-cargo vessels. In connection with the Italian/USSR reparations agreement two additional United States freighters were loaned to the USSR.
- 2. Of the total of 124 vessels mentioned above, four were lost and twenty-five returned to the United States before the end of World War II. Since the war, one tanker and four freighters have been lost; seven tankers and one freighter have been returned to the United States, leaving a present total of eighty-two Lend-Lease vessels under the Soviet flag.
- 3. Seventy-nine freighters totalling 494,214 gross registered tons, two combination passenger-cargo vessels totalling 9,274 gross registered tons and one tarker of 7,061 gross registered tons amounting to exambined total of 510,549 gross registered tons of Land-Lanc shipping is at present under Soviet operation and control.
- five parcent of the total gross registered towns to a vessels over 1,000 gross tons, in the Soviet merchant float. The eighty-two vessels in the Lend-Lease floot, however, made up only about toolve or thirteen percent of the botal number of vessels. The relative high percent of total tonnage ade up by Lend-Lease vessels in contrast to the percent of the total number of vessels represented by Lend-Lease craft is indicative of the everage large size of the Lend-Lease vessels. Of a total of 104 vessels of a gross registered tomage between 5,000 and 7,500 in the Russian floot in 1949 secenty-two were Lend-Lease. Although there have been additions to merchant float since 1949 that would send to lessen the importance of Lend-Lease vessels to impo
- poor. In the years 1951-1953 at least tracity-two of the eighty-two lendbease vessels underwent rajor repairs or overheads in Western yards. These excensive as inery and hall repairs were apparently necessitated by lack of spitable ship caintenance progress and to poor operating procedures. It is believed that the poor condition of these vessels shen they were put into the repair yards is generally representative of the condition of all Land-bease vessels and of the condition of the entire per hant fleet.

SEGRET

G. The above remarks pertain only to the status of the merchant vescels transferred to the government of the TR and do not include none 5% navel oraft and twenty-nine small army watercraft that were also transferred to the Soviet government, a large number of which have not been returned to the United States Government.

Offo O. Gotter Assistant Director Research and Reports

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